

W. D. Day et al.
Feb/83

ARCHER, CATHRO & ASSOCIATES (1981) LIMITED
DIAMOND DRILL LOG

Project WJV (IGOR) Grid Coordinates 38+50 N 0+50 E Azimuth _____
Hole No. 821028 Elevation 1086 m Total Depth 196.6 m (645') Incl. -90°
Date Started 30 June, 1982 Date Completed 3 July, 1982 Logged by D. Heberlein

Sample No.	% Cu	ppm U	ppm Co	CPS	Core Recovery	Depth (feet)	Geology
						10	
20.0						20	
MO2078 24.0	< 0.01	0.5	163		100%		<p>Homoclast Breccia - with varying proportions of quartzite to argillite fragments. Breccia strongly foliated (dip 40-65°). Argillite carbonatized with tan ankerite(?) which forms euhedral crystals, often augened by foliation. Quartz occurs in veins with carbonate. The latter exhibits cockade textures implying open space filling. Chalcopyrite occurs in the veins and also as blebs in matrix. Mineralization similar to Zone F. Py up to 30%, Cp 1-3%, CB 30%, Ba < 1%.</p> <p>Fault - pervasive albitization on hanging wall of fault. Breccia salmon pink colour. Quartzite fragments not pervasively altered. Py 3-5%, Cp 1%</p> <p>Clast-Deficient Breccia - see description on following page..</p>
MO2079 31.0	0.07	0.3	94	50		30	
MO2080 36.0	0.44	0.3	166		100%		
MO2081 41.75	0.82	1.1	113	60		40	
MO2082 46.0	1.13	1.8	119				
MO2083 50.0	0.31	56.0	133	70 125 190	100%	50	
MO2084 56.0	0.60	2.0	179	100			
MO2085 60.0	0.36	0.6	145	60 125 100	100%	60	
MO2086	0.74	1.1	133	90			

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Sample No.	% Cu	ppm U	ppm Co	CPS	Core Recovery	Depth (feet)	Geology
65.0				90			
M02087 70.0	0.34	0.5	180	90			
M02088 75.0	0.05	0.3	141		100%	70	
M02089 80.0	0.04	0.2	125				
M02090 84.0	0.02	0.3	120	80		80	
M02091 88.0	0.15	0.4	136				
M02092 94.0	1.00	0.8	116		37%	90	
M02093 97.0	1.22	0.3	110	80			
M02094 102.0	0.58	1.0	133		100%	100	
M02095 107.0	0.06	0.2	105	70	100%		
M02096 112.0	0.05	0.7	70	80 65		110	
M02097 116.0	0.84	2.2	172	70			
M02098 120.0	0.43	0.8	84		92%	120	
M02099 125.0	0.27	0.6	112				
				70	100%	130	
					100%		

Clast-Deficient Breccia - carbonate totally replacing original fragments and matrix. Veins of quartz and carbonate contain large blebs of chalcopryrite. Pyrite and chalcopryrite also present in matrix. Lath-shaped chlorites could be pseudomorphs after an amphibole or primary euhedral chlorites (up to 15 mm in length). Barite occurs in micro veins.
Py 10%, Cp 1%, CB 30%, Cl 1%

sharp contact

Homoclast Breccia - pale grey with strong foliation. Magnetite crystals replaced by hematite and/or euhedral pyrite. Albite occurs as pervasive alteration in magnetitic zones, replacing some quartzite fragments.
Py tr, Cp tr-2%, CB 5%, Mg 5%

Homoclast Breccia - as above, except magnetite crystals replaced by chlorite not hematite. Pyrite usually occurs as fine disseminations but becomes nearly massive in places. Grains parallel foliation (45° dip).

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Sample No.	% Cu	ppm U	ppm Co	CPS	Core Recovery	Depth (feet)	Geology
						140	
				70			
						150	
				60	100%		
						160	
				125			
				70		170	
				150			
				70			
				125	100%	180	
						190	
193.0							
MO1525	0.18	24.0	170	70			
197.0							
						200	
					100%		
						210	

Homoclast Breccia - with intense carbonate alteration of argillite fragments and matrix. In places quartzite fragments are chloritized around margins. Carbonate crystals are augened in areas of intense foliation (-65°). In these zones chlorite is also abundant (2-5%). Replacement of carbonate by barite can be seen between 173 and 173.50 feet. Quartz-magnetite-chlorite veins are common throughout. They appear to be earlier than quartz-carbonate-chalcopyrite veins. Sulphides are irregularly distributed although pyrite is concentrated in bands paralleling foliation. Pyrite is most abundant from 129.00 to 129.80 and 170.00 to 173.50, where it forms up to 50% of the rock. Chalcopyrite occurs as disseminations in matrix.
Py 5%, Cp <1/2%, CB 10%, Cl 1%

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Sample No.	% Cu	ppm U	ppm Co	CPS	Core Recovery	Depth (feet)	Geology
						0	
						0	
						0	
						220	
						0	
						0	
						230	
						0	
					100 %	0	
						240	
						0	
				70		0	
						250	
						0	
						0	
						260	
						0	
						0	
						270	
						0	
					100 %	0	
						0	
						280	
						0	
						0	
						0	

Homoclast Breccia - as previously described.

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Sample No.	% Cu	ppm U	ppm Co	CPS	Core Recovery	Depth (feet)	Geology
						0	Homoclast Breccia - as previously described.
						290	
					100 %		
				70			
						300	
						310	
						320	
					98 %		
				55			
						330	
						340	
346.0							Fault Zone - with disseminated pyrite and trace chalcopyrite.
M01526 351.0	0.02	6.0	275			350	Homoclast Breccia - chloritic alteration becoming more intense downwards. Magnetite and sulphides also increasing. The dominant alteration is carbonate which occurs throughout matrix and in veins. Py <1%, Cp 1%, CB 10%
M02101 356.0	0.48	0.8	147	70	92%		
M02102 359.0	0.84	0.5	167				
360.0	3.72	7.8	350			360	

M02103

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Sample No.	% Cu	ppm U	ppm Co	CPS	Core Recovery	Depth (feet)	Geology
MO1527 366.0	0.31	18.0	126	90	100%		Homoclast Breccia - with salmon pink to brick red albite in hanging wall of fault. Chalcopryite occurs with chlorite. Py 10%, Cp 10%, CB 20%, He 5%, Cl 3%
MO1528 372.0	0.15	1.6	43		80 %	370	Chloritic Homoclast Breccia - above fault. Chlorite intense paralleling foliation. Hematite more abundant near fault, replaces magnetite.
MO1529 379.5	0.06	52.0	52	110 150	100 %		Homoclast Breccia - typical.
MO2104 382.0	0.09	0.6	67	90		380	Hematized and Chloritized Homoclast Breccia alteration near fault(?) magnetite crystals replaced by chalcopryite and hematite. Py < 1%, Cp < 0.5%, CB 5%, Cl 20%, He 20%
				125	100 %	390	Homoclast Breccia - with strong foliation. Carbonate and chlorite occur in matrix and microveins, up to 10% in places.
				90		400	
					100 %	410	
				80		420	
				120	100%		
				70		430	
							Vein - of red barite between 431 and 431.50

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Sample No.	% Cu	ppm U	ppm Co	CPS	Core Recovery	Depth (feet)	Geology
				55	91%	510	Homoclast Breccia - as previously described.
516.0							
M01530	0.01	94.0	60		100%		Fault Zone - albite in footwall. Chlorite concentrated in shear zone. Pyrite with chlorite. Py 5%, Cp tr
521.0						520	
				65	100%		Homoclast Breccia - as previously described except for pyritic interval between 550 and 557', where pyrite is finely disseminated parallel to foliation and comprises 1-2% of rock.
						530	Py <1%, Cp tr
534.0							
M02105	0.01	0.2	91				
537.0							
						540	
545.0							
546.0	0.01	0.2	97	78			
M02106					92%		
550.0						550	
M02107	0.13	0.2	47				
553.0							
				60			
						560	
						570	Chloritic Fault Breccia - foliation destroyed by fault zone. Pyrite occurs finely disseminated in chlorite matrix. No chalcopyrite.
					78%		
						580	Homoclast Breccia - as previously described.

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Sample No.	% Cu	ppm U	ppm Co	CPS	Core Recovery	Depth (feet)	Geology
						0	Possible Fault Zone in Homoclast Breccia - a few highly fractured zones are intensely chloritized, however carbonate is dominant alteration type in this interval. It occurs as fine grains and euhedral crystals in matrix. Sulphides occur in trace amounts.
					92 %	590	
						600	
					100 %		
				60	100 %	610	
						620	
					100 %		
						630	
						640	
						645	
							Homoclast Breccia - below contact breccia dominated by quartzite fragments in argillite matrix (as opposed to argillite with occasional quartzite fragments). Hematization is dominant alteration with specularite reaching 10%. Chlorite accompanies hematite as microveins and disseminations in matrix.
							End of Hole.